

Total Return Fund

Monthly Fund Card

Category	Intermediate-Term Bond	
Dividend Frequency	Monthly	
Fund Inception Date	7/30/2010	

A Shares:	LCATX	I Shares:	LCTIX
C Shares:	LCCTX	Inv Shares:	LCTRX

PORTFOLIO MANAGERS

John Lekas
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FUND STATISTICS

Effective Duration	2.76
Current Yield	3.51%
Yield To Worst	3.26%

Effective duration provides a measure of a fund's interest-rate sensitivity. The longer a fund's duration the more sensitive the fund is to shifts in interest rates. Current Yield and Yield to Worst of the underlying holdings of the fund do not account for any fees.

RISK METRICS*

	Fund**	Peers*
Sharpe Ratio	2.45	(0.17)
Sortino Ratio	8.35	(0.15)
Standard Deviation	2.08	2.73
Upside Capture Ratio	78.71	82.02
Downside Capture Ratio	(86.35)	87.45

* All risk metrics above are measured on a 1 year basis and measured against the US Barclays Aggregate Bond Index.

** Institutional Share Class.

30-DAY SEC YIELDS

A Shares:	0.79%	I Shares:	1.28%
C Shares:	0.31%	Inv Shares:	0.79%

The 30-Day SEC Yield is computed under an SEC standardized formula based on net income earned over the past 30 days.

EXPENSE RATIOS

A Shares:	2.31%	I Shares:	1.81%
C Shares:	2.81%	Inv Shares:	2.31%

Ratios listed are as of the 9/27/18 prospectus.

Sharpe Ratio: Average return earned in excess of the risk-free rate per unit of volatility or total risk. Subtracting the risk-free rate from the mean return, the performance associated with risk-taking activities can be isolated.

Sortino Ratio: Measures the risk-adjusted return of an investment asset, portfolio, or strategy. It is a modification of the Sharpe ratio but penalizes only those returns falling below a user-specified target or required rate of return, while the Sharpe ratio penalizes both upside and downside volatility equally.

Standard Deviation Known as historical volatility and is used by investors as a gauge for the amount of expected volatility.

Upside Capture Ratio: Statistical measure of an investment manager's overall performance in up-markets. The up-market capture ratio is used to evaluate how well an investment manager performed relative to an index during periods when that index has risen.

Downside Capture Ratio: Statistical measure of an investment manager's overall performance in down-markets. It is used to evaluate how well an investment manager performed relative to an index during periods when that index has dropped.

An upside capture ratio over 100 indicates a fund has generally outperformed the benchmark during periods of positive returns for the benchmark. Meanwhile, a downside

A total return bond fund that gives investors exposure across multiple fixed income sectors and a focus on total return.

Launched in 2010, Leader Total Return Fund has focused on maximizing total return potential through the ups and downs of bond market cycles. The Fund is a diversified portfolio of bonds across various fixed income sectors that is actively managed to maximize return and generate a high level of income.

A Broader Opportunity Set: The fund invests in a diversified portfolio of fixed income securities across multiple asset classes, taking advantage of dislocations and opportunities across various sectors.

Opportunistic Approach: The Fund's experienced managers look for strategic entry points across asset classes and single securities.

Higher Income Potential: Access to a wider range of income opportunities means the fund may offer higher income potential than other short-term investments.

Market & Fund Commentary

Equity markets made their delayed Santa Claus rally in January essentially negating the December fall. High yield credit and other risk assets followed suit. The December move seemed to be pricing in recession and as earnings began coming in, the market rebounded as those fears seemed to alleviate. We are close to reaching some key technical levels (200-day moving average on the major indices), which should serve as a ceiling for now. If markets can breach that level, expect more "risk-on" and higher equity prices.

High Yield Credit spreads sharply tightened over January from December alongside the equity market rebound (-103bps). Investment Grade spreads also sharply tightened (-21bps). Treasuries yields tightened slightly even in the face of a market rebound due to new guidance from the Federal Reserve. We actually see 2yr US Treasury Yield and 3yr US Treasury Yield inversion with 2yr treasuries yielding a tad more than the 3yr treasury yield. The Federal Reserve reserved course in January as they held rates and adjusted language going forward. The word "patient" was used 8 times during Powell's address. The market currently is pricing in no hikes. If we continue to see risk assets rebound, then we would expect yields to move higher with it. However, the curve remains so flat and the world seems to love low rates. Low rates could be what drives this market higher. This reminds us of 2014 when treasury yields fell and the S&P had a +14% return year (stocks and bonds appreciated alongside each other). We continue find certain floating rate bonds attractive to take advantage of rates on the front end of the curve while yields remain off their historical lows, but stress the importance of credit quality.

The portfolio still remains highly defensive with over 90% IG. We found an opportunity in oil when oil hit below \$50. We added some exposure there and continue to like oil as a trade. Duration remains about the same MoM.

We continue to look for opportunities across asset classes. We added some energy exposure and as mentioned last month, added some convertible bond exposure. We continue to monitor inflation expectations and key technical levels on the 5-Year and 10-Year US Treasury yield for entry points. We also see some opportunities in short WAL ("weighted average life") CLOs.

Definitions:

S&P 500: Standard and Poor's 500 Index is a capitalization-weighted index of 500 stocks. The index is designed to measure performance of the broad domestic economy through changes in the aggregate market value of 500 stocks representing all major industries.

CLOs: Collateralized loan obligations (CLOs) are a form of securitization where payments from multiple middle sized and large business loans are pooled together and passed on to different classes of owners in various tranches. A CLO is a type of collateralized debt obligation.

Basis Point ("bps"): one hundredth of one percent, used chiefly in expressing differences of interest rates

PORTFOLIO ALLOCATIONS*

Investment Grade	94.73%
High Yield	5.27%

CREDIT QUALITY***

Cash	19.56%
AAA	72.19%
AA	1.54%
A	0.00%
BBB	1.44%
BB	5.27%
B	0.00%
NR	0.00%

***Portfolio characteristics represent 100% of the portfolio and will vary over time. Credit qualities are shown as a percentage of net assets. A bond rated BBB or higher is considered investment grade. This chart reflects the highest security rating provided by Standard & Poor's. Ratings and portfolio credit quality will vary over time.

ASSET CLASS BREAKDOWN*

Treasuries	18.47%
Corporate Bonds	3.18%
Floating Rate Bonds	1.54%
Agency Mortgages	53.72%
Convertibles	0.00%
Variable/Hybrids	3.52%
Cash	19.56%

DURATION BREAKDOWN**

< 1	35.20%
1 - 3	15.70%
3 - 5	29.98%
5 - 7	19.12%
7 - 10	0.00%
10+	0.00%

*This will change and the information provided should not be considered as a recommendation to purchase or sell a particular security. There is no assurance that the securities mentioned remain in the Fund's portfolio or that the securities sold have not been repurchased. Totals may not add up to 100% due to rounding.

**Holdings represent 100% of the portfolio and may vary over time.

Average Annual Returns as of 01/31/2019	YTD	4Q18	1Y	3Y	5Y	10Y	Inception
Institutional (LCTIX)	0.10%	1.99%	7.39%	6.73%	2.21%		4.28%
Investor (LCTRX)	0.10%	1.71%	6.78%	6.21%	1.50%		3.67%
A Class (LCATX)	0.00%	1.85%	6.83%	6.14%	1.47%		3.45%
C Class (LCCTX)	0.00%	1.74%	6.31%	5.67%	1.02%		3.12%
Morningstar Category Average ¹	1.28%	0.86%	1.64%	2.31%	2.23%		
Benchmark ²	1.06%	1.64%	2.25%	1.95%	2.44%		

¹ Intermediate Term Bond Category

² Barclays US Agg Interm TR USD

With Sales Charge	YTD	4Q18	1Y	3Y	5Y	10Y	Inception
A Class	-1.50%	0.31%	5.28%	5.60%	0.76%		2.91%
C Class	0.00%	1.74%	6.31%	5.67%	1.02%		3.12%

*The share classes have different sales charges, fees and other features. Returns with sales charge reflect the deduction of current maximum initial sales charge of 1.5% for A shares and applicable contingent deferred sales charges (CDSC) for C shares of 1%.

Performance is annualized trailing returns as of 1/31/19 for the Leader Total Return Fund for all Share Classes (ticker symbols: LCTIX, LCTRX, LCATX, LCCTX); LCTIX & LCTRX are not subject to sales loads, however, LCATX & LCCTX might be subject to a sales load. More information about fees and expense levels can be found in the Fund's prospectus.

Past performance does not guarantee future results. The performance data quoted represents past performance and current returns may be lower or higher. Share prices and investment returns fluctuate and investor shares may be worth more or less than original cost upon redemption. To obtain performance as of the most recent month end, please call 1-800-269-8810.

Important Risks: Bonds offer a relatively stable level of income, although bond prices will fluctuate providing the potential for principal gain or loss. Intermediate-term, higher quality bonds generally offer less risk than longer term bonds and a lower rate of return. Generally, a fund's fixed income securities will decrease in value if interest rates rise and vice versa.

Mortgage-backed investments involve risk of loss due to prepayments and, like any bond, due to default. Because the sensitivity of mortgage-related securities to changes in interest rates, a fund's performance may be more volatile than if it did not hold these securities.

Foreign Investments can be riskier than U.S. investments. Potential risks include currency risk that may result from unfavorable exchange rates, liquidity risk if decreased demand for a security makes it difficult to sell at a desired price, and risks that stem from substantially lower trading volume on foreign markets. These risks are generally greater for investments in emerging markets, which are also subject to greater price volatility, and custodial and regulatory risks. Foreign Investments can be riskier than U.S. investments. Potential risks include currency risk that may result from unfavorable exchange rates, liquidity risk if decreased demand for a security makes it difficult to sell at a desired price, and risks that stem from substantially lower trading volume on foreign markets. These risks are generally greater for investments in emerging markets, which are also subject to greater price volatility, and custodial and regulatory risks.

Current Yield is the weighted average of the annual rate of return based on price. It is calculated by the coupon divided by the price. **Average Yield-to-Worst** is the weighted average of the percentage rate of return if the security is held to earliest call date/maturity/redemption.

The Barclays US Intermediate Aggregate Bond Index is a broad-based benchmark that measures the investment grade, US dollar-denominated, fixed-rate taxable bond market. The index includes Treasuries, government-related and corporate securities, MBS (agency fixed-rate and hybrid ARM pass-throughs), ABS and CMBS (agency and non-agency) with maturities of 1 to 9.999 years. This index is the funds benchmark. You cannot invest directly into an index.

This material must be preceded or accompanied by a prospectus. An investor should consider the Fund's objectives, risks, charges and expenses carefully before investing or sending money. This and other important information can be found in the Fund's prospectus. For more information please call 800-269-8810. Please read the prospectus carefully before investing.

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